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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/840,435	04/23/2001	Diana Kim Fisler	7105 4163		
7590 05/02/2003				4	
Robert D. To		EXAMINER			
Johns Manville 10100 West Ut	te Avenue		COLAIANNI, MICHAEL		
Littleton, CO 80217			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1731		
			DATE MAILED: 05/02/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/840,435

Applicant(s)

Fisler et al.

Examiner

Michael Colaianni

Art Unit 1731

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The MAILING DATE	of this communication appears	on the cover sheet with the corres				
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the						
mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above it. If NO period for reply is specified above. Failure to reply within the set or extension.	s less then thirty (30) days, a reply within the of the maximum statutory period will apply a ded period for reply will, by statute, cause the three months after the mailing date of the contractions.	no event, however, may a reply be timely filed the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the meiling the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S. this communication, even if timely filed, may result the second statement of the second statement of the second s	e considered timely. ng date of this communication. S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1) X Responsive to comm	unication(s) filed on Apr 23, 2	2001	·			
2a) This action is FINAL .	2b) 💢 This act	tion is non-final.				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) 💢 Claim(s) <u>1-27</u>		is/are	e pending in the application.			
4a) Of the above, clair	n(s) <u>24-27</u>	is/ar	e withdrawn from consideration.			
5) Claim(s)			is/are allowed.			
6) 💢 Claim(s) <u>1-23</u>			is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s)			is/are objected to.			
8) Claims		are subject to restric	ction and/or election requirement.			
Application Papers						
9) The specification is o	bjected to by the Examiner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed	on is/are	e a) \square accepted or b) \square objects	ed to by the Examiner.			
Applicant may not re-	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
	on is objected to by the Exam	iner.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 1		riority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).			
13) ☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some* c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). *See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
		·	(0)			
14) X Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).						
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Dr	awing Review (PTO-948)	5) Notice of Informal Patent Application				
3) \(\sum \) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)1 6) \(\bigcap \) Other:						

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Election/Restriction

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - I. Claims 1-23, drawn to a glass fiber composition, classified in class 501, subclass 35.
 - II. Claims 24-27, drawn to a method of making glass fibers, classified in class 65, subclass 475.
- 2. The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons: Inventions I and II are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make other and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case the product as claimed may be made by another and materially different process, such as a sol-gel method.
- 3. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 4. During a telephone conversation with Robert Touslee on April 22, 2003 a provisional election was made without traverse to prosecute the invention of Group I, claims 1-23.

 Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action.

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Claims 24-27 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as

being drawn to a non-elected invention.

5. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the

inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently

named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any

amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the

fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness

rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the

manner in which the invention was made.

7. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459

(1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35

U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.

- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

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Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or 4.

nonobviousness.

Claims 1-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ikeda et

al. 4367012.

8.

Ikeda et al. teaches a water resistant glass composition having silicon dioxide, alumina,

boron oxide, and sodium within the claimed ranges (col. 3, lines 33-45). While Ikeda also uses

zinc oxide in the composition, the zinc may be present in an amount of as small as 1 wt.% which

is deemed to be a small enough amount to be encompassed by the "consisting essentially of"

transitional language. Moreover, the addition of zinc oxide does not "materially affect the basic

and novel characteristics" of the claimed invention because the zinc oxide enhances the moisture

resistance of the glass (col. 5, lines 36-48). Thus, because Ikeda et al. teaches applicant's claimed

composition, the properties achieved by the composition must, obviously, be the same. Therefore,

the properties of Ikeda's composition must be the same as applicants.

It would have been prima facie obvious at the time the invention was made that the Ikeda

et al.'s composition has the same properties as claimed by applicant because Ikeda et al.'s ranges

overlap with applicant's claimed ranges. This fact establishes a prima facie case of obviousness

(see MPEP §2144.05).

9. Claims 1-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over De Meringo

et al. WO 99/57073.

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****The US Patent equivalent 6313050 of WO 99/57073 will be used to reference De Meringo's WO 99/57073 various teachings.****

De Meringo et al. teach a glass composition having silicon dioxide; alumina; boron oxide; calcium oxide; and sodium oxide/potassium oxide in overlapping ranges with applicant's claimed composition (col. 5, claim 1). The iron, phosphorous and titanium compounds are optional because their ranges all include zero as an option. Thus, the composition is taught by De Meringo et al. Thus, because De Meringo et al. teaches applicant's claimed composition, the properties achieved by the composition must, obviously, be the same. Therefore, the properties of De Meringo's composition must be the same as applicants.

It would have been prima facie obvious at the time the invention was made that the De Meringo et al.'s composition has the same properties as claimed by applicant because De Meringo et al.'s ranges overlap with applicant's claimed ranges. This fact establishes a prima facie case of obviousness (see MPEP §2144.05).

Conclusion

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Colaianni whose telephone number is 703-305-5493. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 8:00 AM to 4:30 PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steven Griffin, can be reached on (703) 308-1164. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-305-7115.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0651.

Art Unit 1731 April 30, 2003 MICHAEL COLAIANN! PRIMARY EXAMINER